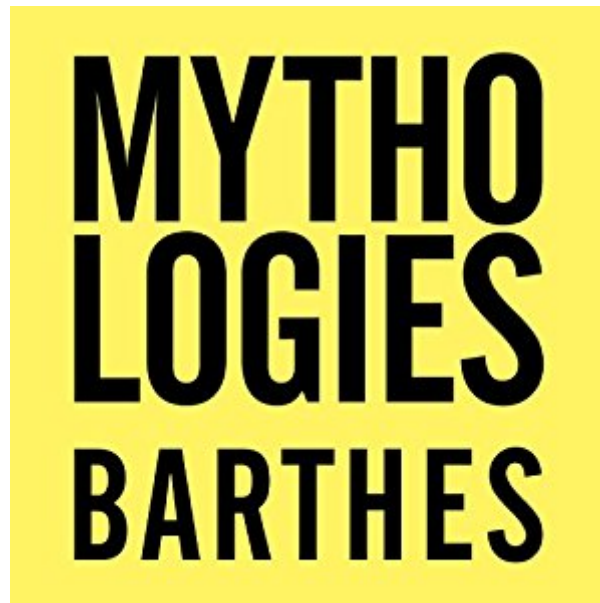




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Mythologies: The Complete Edition, In A New Translation



Synopsis

What is astrology? Fiction for the bourgeoisie. The Tour de France? An epic. The brain of Einstein? Knowledge reduced to a formula. Like iconic images of movie stars or the rhetoric of politicians, they are fabricated. Once isolated from the events that gave birth to them, these "mythologies" appear to be what they are: the ideology of mass culture. When Roland Barthes's groundbreaking *Mythologies* first appeared in English in 1972, it was immediately recognized as one of the most significant works in French theory - yet nearly half of the essays from the original work were missing. This new edition of *Mythologies* is the first complete, authoritative English version of the French classic. It includes the brilliant "Astrology", never published in English before. *Mythologies* is a lesson in clairvoyance. In a new century, in which the virtual dominates social interactions and advertisement defines popular culture, it is more relevant than ever.

Book Information

Audible Audio Edition

Listening Length: 9 hours 13 minutes

Program Type: Audiobook

Version: Unabridged

Publisher: Tantor Audio

Audible.com Release Date: March 13, 2012

Language: English

ASIN: B007JRA4QC

Best Sellers Rank: #92 in Books > Audible Audiobooks > Fiction & Literature > Literary

Collections #121 in Books > Audible Audiobooks > Fiction & Literature > Literary Criticism

#150 in Books > Literature & Fiction > World Literature > European > French

Customer Reviews

This is a very thoughtful and philosophical book that explores the ways we construct modern myths in today's society. I referenced this book for my Master's thesis and honestly, it made me fall in love with Barthes and his approach to visual semiotics. He demonstrates the way socially constructed ideas can be normalized in the media, elevating them into unquestioned, everyday assumptions we make about the world. While Barthes wrote this book in the 1950s, the messages apply even more today. In our post-truth society, it's easier now more than ever to buy into fake or misleading information; satire and conspiracy can so easily spread virally via social media, even fooling journalists who should be more discerning about the information they share. Reading this books

enlightens the reader to processes that continue to take place, helping reveal the need for personal critical thinking skills in a time when false information seems to largely go unchecked and is so easily accepted as true. With Barthes' help, we can challenge culture and the mythologies it tends to create.

The 1990 *Elle* American teen in me was more than slightly confused a few essays into Roland Barthes' *Mythologies*. I was even more so confused after googling *Elle* and finding out my connection was indeed accurate, and that the *Elle* that Barthes continuously refers back to, is indeed the French counterpart to the American *Elle* magazine. The image of Barthes sitting in study reading a woman's fashion and lifestyle magazine full of articles on "how to dress for your body type" or "101 ways to please your man," popped into my head a few times. Chuckles aside, I admit that I had to remind myself that it was 1957 more than a few times. Oddly enough, though Barthes undoubtedly had no idea what the connotation of *Elle* would become, its current meaning and presence in *Mythologies* is one that adds to some of the myths. *Mythologies* as a whole is based on society. There are stories, facts, and metaphors that cross generations, burying themselves as validation as myths. Barthes draws a great deal of his reactions from *Elle*, and those reactions live in a patriarchal universe. This is not so much a critique of Barthes and his view on society, as it is an observation on society and reality. Thematically men are at the top of society, children strive to grow into men, and women are allowed freedoms, but at the end of the day, their position is to bear children and care for the home. Reminder: It's 1957. The first essay I read from *Mythologies* was "Novels and Children." A feminist would have a field day with this essay (you've read it, so you know why). Personally, I wanted to pat the women mentioned in *Elle* on the back and congratulate them for writing their books while caring for their children, husbands and home. I'm there right now: terrible twos, a colicky newborn, endless laundry, cooking, dishes and writing and school. Here's the thing- 1957 or 2016, it doesn't matter, the struggle for women to balance work and home is still essentially the same. I say essentially because society has changed to where it is not dictated, but for those who believe in the system, we live in the myth. Our husbands provide and we in turn bear children and take care of the home, often becoming superwomen for achieving careers and success as well. There is more equality today, but the bare system is still present. This system moves down to the children as well. In

Barthes repeatedly defines his explanation as specifically relating solely to French toys. As I read "Toys," though, I can't help but look around my living room and connect the dots. My living room has a little tykes grill, kitchen set, trucks, trucks, more trucks, and the plastic version of every tool you can possibly imagine and blocks. Again, a theme that crosses time. Sixty years and a continent later, home life has not changed that much. We are undoubtedly, as Barthes connects, "creating the future..." "We present our children with miniature objects of adulthood and they take from it, what they will become... and admittedly, I'm rethinking some of my choices in toys now. While some of Barthes myths are relatable across times and nations, not all are. Barthes knows this and points it out in "Striptease" and "Wine and Milk." Some nations have common thought and systems within themselves. The French are different than Americans in not only some of their customs, but also their behavior. Mythologies explores the social power (or restraint or common behavior) that is present in French society. What is powerful is that things that would breakdown an individual in another society has no effect or power over the Frenchmen. A naked woman does not cause men or women in France to blush (so much as the act of stripping down would), just as wine does not cause them to become drunk (in so much as they do not purposefully overdrink). There is restraint in society, the French have control over their actions and the portrayal of themselves. In both myths it is the act of doing something that is meaningful and not the conclusion of that act. The veil in society is broken down in "Ornamental Cookery." This essay also brings us full circle back to Elle, which still has me seeing Barthes red cheeked (though this essay makes it easier to remember its 1957), "Ornamental Cookery" was a validation of sorts for me. Barthes addresses Elle as a bit lackluster in terms of credible sources, but nevertheless, there is no doubt that the magazine in all of its 1957 glory is a reflection on society. However, the reflection on society is more connotation than denotation. "Ornamental Cookery" in its plainest version is descriptive of food recipes popular in the 1950s. These recipes often called for dishes to be smothered in sauces, decorated, and glazed in a manner so that one cannot really tell from the surface what is underneath. "Ornamental Cookery" is a metaphorical essay that brings us back once more to the overall discussion on society, where individuals can cover themselves to appear appealing. This phenomenon is yet another idea that crosses time. The idea that people are never truly what they appear to be, and can hide their true identity. Mythologically, it reads almost as a warning, as much

as it might appear to be advice. I think we are meant to see ourselves in Mythologies. Perhaps not each and every essay is conclusive with a reader's life, but I could not help but find similarities with most of the essays that I read. While society will change with time, with location, with governing, the basic structure will remain. That is the mythology of the society.

It is a pleasure to read Barthes' carefully crafted prose. Every semester, I assign my undergraduates a few of the short essays in this groundbreaking book for close reading. I happen to like "Plastic," "Operation Margarine," and "The Writer on Holiday" best but they are each fascinating little peeks into a then-new form of criticism. At first pass, they may seem mere musings on popular culture but so much more bubbles beneath that initial layer. By the time students have read the longer "Myth Today," we are ready for any of dozens of conversation threads thinking critically about culture emerging around us.

Roland Barthes' MYTHOLOGIES is central to a reader trying to understand the philosophy of everyday life and the problem of signification in our society. Barthes draws from the inexhaustible source of mythology and the ancient meanings of myth, and demystifies whatever he touches. Barthes as a cultural critic creates something new out of the stories about familiar objects and icons, such as Greta Garbo's face, toys, soap powder or Citroën. The book (2012) is a new translation of the 1957 work and it completes the previously untranslated essays to fifty-four, as in the original. The book shows that Barthes' work has stood the test of time very well. And though his comments hardly shock any longer, his thinking is as lucid as it must have been to the first readers when the essays were published in *Lettres Nouvelles*.

This is not a novel and therefore I challenge 's forcing the reviewer into novelistic descriptions e.g., How would you describe the characters, etc. Mythologies is a critique of French social systems and larger interpretations. The categories proposes should be dropped and replaced my questions more appropriate for a book on linguistics and social critique.

Good, thought-provoking book. I know nothing about French culture from the time this book was read, but so much of it still made perfect sense. I guess western "middle class" culture hasn't changed much.

Barthes shows brilliantly how semiotics can be applied sociologically as well as in an analysis of

advertising and the media. He was so far ahead of everyone by writing this book in the 1950's. It still seems modern and insightful today.

Amazing author. This book opened my mind to a new style of writing, while drastically improving my own. Very sophisticated.

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